

Advancing the Science of Safety

WATER MIST CULTURAL HERITAGE CASE STUDY – MUSEUM LEONARDO DA VINCI, MILAN Gaetano Coppola 01/06/2022



#### Fire Sprinkler International L\*ND\*N 2022

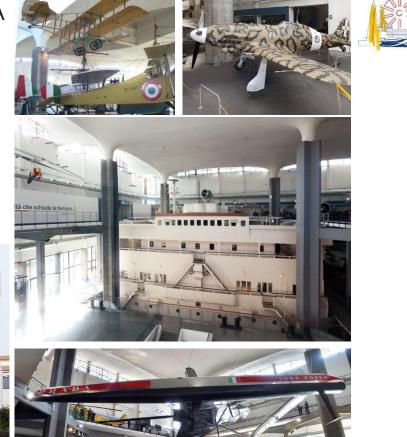
Two-day conference & exhibition

#### THE MUSEUM

MUSEO NAZIONALE DELLA SCIENZA E DELLA TECNOLOGIA LEONARDO DA VINCI, MILAN

AERONAVAL PAVILLION - BUILT IN THE FIRST HALF OF THE 1960s (30 m HIGH,  $\cong$  3800 m<sup>2</sup>).

FOUR FLOORS INTERCONNECTED BY A CENTRAL VOID PLENTY OF HISTORICAL ARTEFACTS (HELICOPTERS, FIGHTER-JETS, SHIPS, CATAMARAN...)



Advancing the Science of Safety

#### THE BRIG "EBE"

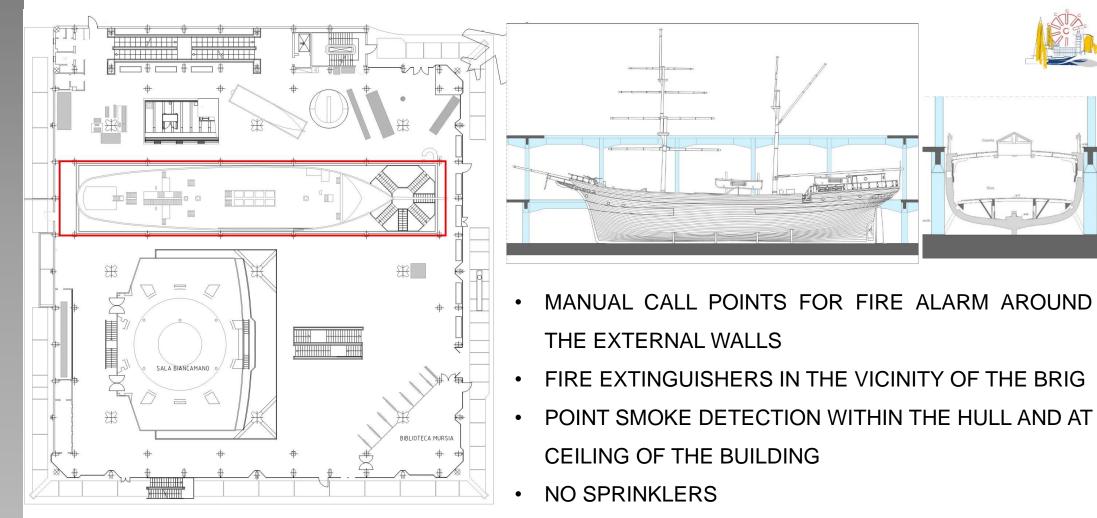




- 40,3 M LONG HULL (50,5 M INCLUSIVE OF THE FIGUREHEAD) 8,4M WIDE.
- BUILT ENTIRELY IN PITCH PINE, OAK, AND SPRUCE.
- WEIGHT-LIGHTENING PROCESS THROUGH THE LAST YEARS (REMOVAL OF THE SAILS, OF ANY INTERNAL EQUIPMENT, LIGHTING AND CABLING, TO MINIMIZE THE STRUCTURAL LOAD OF THE SHIP)



### FIRE SAFETY DETAILS OF THE BRIG "EBE"

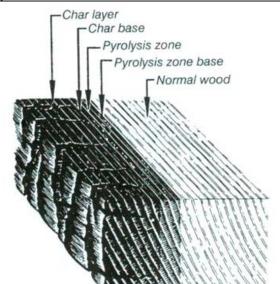


INTERNAL FIRE EMERGENCY TEAM (NOT 24h/7)

## ANALYSIS OF THE MATERIALS

- AT TEMPERATURES ABOVE 100°C -150°C, THE STRENGTH OF THE WOODEN ELEMENTS BEGINS TO DECREASE.
- BETWEEN 100 °C AND 200 °C, WOOD DEHYDRATES AND GENERATES WATER VAPOR AND OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE GASES INCLUDING CO<sub>2</sub>, FORMIC ACID, ACETIC ACID AND H<sub>2</sub>O.
- BETWEEN 200 °C AND 300°C, SOME WOOD COMPONENTS BEGIN TO UNDERGO A SIGNIFICANT PYROLYSIS PROCESS, WITH AN IMPORTANT PRODUCTION OF CO RELEASED WITHIN THE SURROUNDING SPACE

|                                |   |  |   |  |   | Wood exposed to a constant heat flux <sup>b</sup>            |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|
|                                |   | Wood exposed to ASTM E 119 exposure <sup>a</sup> |   |  |   | Linear charring rate <sup>e</sup><br>(min mm <sup>-1</sup> ) |   | Thermal penetration<br>depth d <sup>g</sup><br>(mm) |   | Average mass<br>loss rate<br>(g m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) |   |  |
| Species                        | Density <sup>c</sup><br>(kg m <sup>-3</sup> ) | Char<br>con-<br>traction<br>factor <sup>d</sup>  | Linear<br>charring<br>rate <sup>e</sup><br>(min<br>mm <sup>-1</sup> ) | Non-<br>linear<br>charring<br>rate <sup>f</sup><br>(min<br>mm <sup>-1.23</sup> ) | Thermal<br>penetra-<br>tion<br>depth <sup>g</sup><br>(mm) | 18-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux                    | 55-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux | 18-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux           | 55-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux | 18-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux                         | 55-<br>kW m <sup>-2</sup><br>heat<br>flux |  |
| Softwoods<br>Southern<br>Pine  | 509   | 0.60   | 1.24  | 0.56   | 33  | 2.27   | 1.17                                      | 38  | 26.5                                      | 3.8   | 8.6                                       |  |
| Western<br>redcedar            | 310   | 0.83   | 1.22  | 0.56   | 33  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | _   |  |
| Redwood<br>Engelmann<br>spruce | 343<br>425                                    | 0.86<br>0.82                                     | 1.28<br>1.56  | 0.58<br>0.70   | 35<br>34  | 1.68   | 0.98                                      | 36.5  | 24.9                                      | 2.9   | 6.0                                       |  |
| Hardwoods                      |   |  |   |  |   |  |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| Basswood<br>Maple, hard        | 399<br>691                                    | 0.52<br>0.59                                     | 1.06<br>1.46  | 0.48<br>0.66   | 32<br>31  | 1.32   | 0.76                                      | 38.2  | 22.1                                      | 4.5   | 9.3                                       |  |
| Oak, red<br>Yellow-<br>poplar  | 664<br>504                                    | 0.70<br>0.67                                     | 1.59<br>1.36  | 0.72<br>0.61   | 32<br>32  | 2.56   | 1.38                                      | 27.7  | 27.0                                      | 4.1   | 9.6<br>—                                  |  |



#### INITIATING EVENTS

| Trends in   |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| systems &<br>causes,<br>Inland<br>waterways<br>only     | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| [Note - All<br>fire & CO<br>events<br>only]             |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| Totals  | 54   | 69   | 65   | 63   | 69   | 91   | 80   |
| Deliberate<br>Fire setting                              | 5    | 11   | 5    | 11   | 12   | 11   | 11   |
| n   | 3    | 4    | 5    | 11   | 3    | 3    | 5    |
| Totals of<br>accidental<br>and<br>original<br>incidents | 46   | 54   | 55   | 41   | 54   | 75   | 64   |
| Dullooyee   |      | 1    | 0    | 0    | -    | -    |      |
| Electrical<br>[system /<br>appliances]                  | 6    | 7    | 11   | 7    | 8    | 15   | 15   |
| Engine /<br>engine room<br>/ exhaust                    | 7    | 2    | 7    | 2    | 5    | 6    | 4    |
| Flammable<br>vapours (not<br>yet<br>identified)         | 2    | 7    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 3    | 2    |
| domestic,<br>galley,<br>smoking,                        | 0    | 2    | 4    | 1    | 0    | 0    | 3    |
| Gas escape<br>/ installed<br>gas<br>appliance           | 2    | 3    | 3    | 2    | 0    | 4    | 3    |
| Not known<br>[inconclusive<br>/ tbc to BSS]             | 18   | 21   | 10   | 15   | 27   | 28   | 21   |
| Oil fired<br>stoves and<br>heaters<br>[installed]       | 3    | 3    | -    | 1    | 0    | 1    | 2    |
| Other [inc<br>machinery,<br>welding, DIY,<br>etc]       | 0    | 0    | -    | -    | 2    | 1    | 2    |
| Petrol<br>related –<br>leaks,<br>refuelling,<br>etc     | 1    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    |
| Portable<br>engines /<br>outboards /<br>generators      | 0    | 1    | -    | -    | 2    | 2    | 0    |
| Portable<br>items [lpg,<br>oil, BBQ,<br>electric, etc]  | 1    | 0    | 1    | -    | 0    | 2    | 0    |
| Solid fuel  | 6    | 6    | 12   | 7    | 5    | 13   | 10   |

appliances]

| Deliberate<br>Fire setting             | 5 | 11 | 5  | 11 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
|--|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|  |   | -  |    |    |    |    |    |
| Electrical<br>[system /<br>appliances] | 6 | 7  | 11 | 7  | 8  | 15 | 15 |

| Other        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Other        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| domestic,    |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| galley,      | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| smoking,     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| candles, etc |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |





Advancing the Science of Safety -



| INITIATING EVENT #1 | principle of fire triggered by mobile, electrical equipment or lighting devices |
|---------------------|---|
| INITIATING EVENT #2 | principle of fire triggered by cigarette or similar source of ignition          |
| INITIATING EVENT #3 | principle of fire derived from arson  |

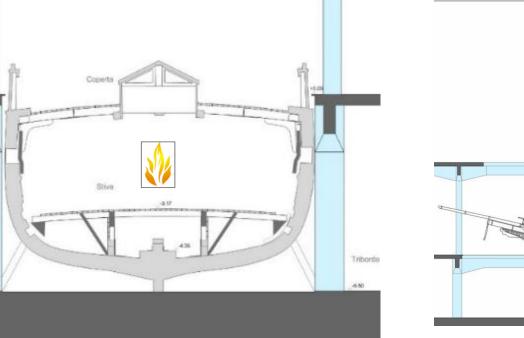
7

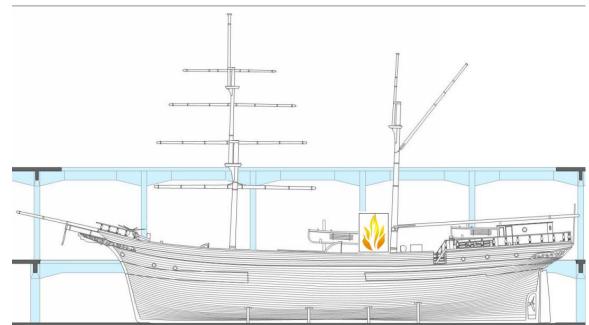
#### Advancing the Science of Safety

bondo

#### FIRE SCENARIOS

• FIRE SCENARIO #1 – FIRE LOCATED BELOW DECK (INSIDE) OF THE BRIG





• FIRE SCENARIO 2 – FIRE LOCATED ON THE UPPER DECK OF THE BRIG



Advancing the Science of Safety

PIANTA SOVRACOPERT



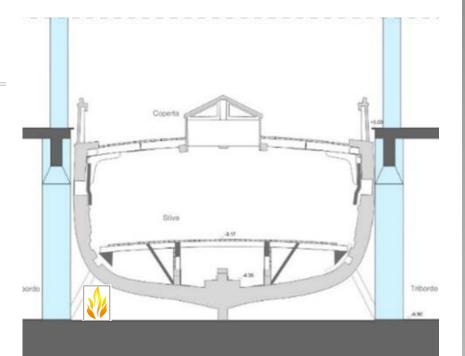
#### FIRE SCENARIO #4 -٠ FIRE ORIGINATED AT AN ALTITUDE OF -5.50 METERS NEAR THE HULL OF THE BRIG

# FIRE SCENARIOS

FIRE SCENARIO #3 -٠ FIRE POSITIONED AT AN ALTITUDE (floor height) OF +0.00 NEAR THE HULL OF THE BRIG

6







#### HISTORICAL DATA



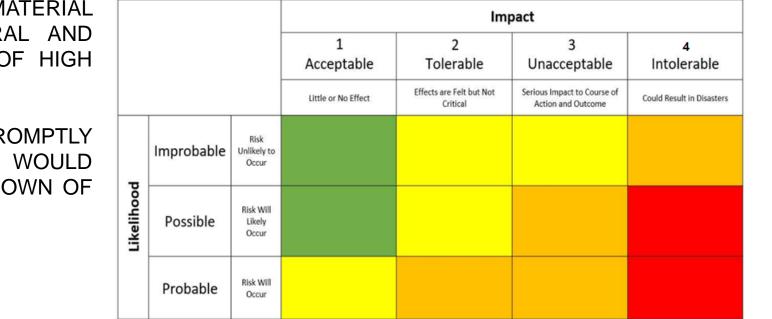


PRINCE WILLEM (FULL SCALE SHIP REPLICA) – 68 m LONG AND 54m HIGH – INSTALLED AT «DEN HELDER MUSEUM», HOLLAND

CUTTY SARK - 64,6 m LONG AND 10,94 m WIDE - INSTALLED AT THE MARITIME GREENWICH WORLD HERITAGE, LONDON.







- SIGNIFICANT MATERIAL DAMAGE, CULTURAL AND HISTORICAL LOSS OF HIGH VALUE
- A FIRE NOT PROMPTLY CONTROLLED WOULD RESULT IN A SHUTDOWN OF MUSEUM ACTIVITIES

 DEEMED UNACCEPTABLE FOR THE MUSEUM'S ACTIVITIES (≅ 600k PAYING VISITORS PER YEAR)

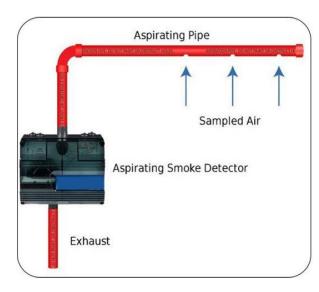
Copyright © JENSEN HUGHES. All rights reserved.

# PROPOSED SOLUTIONS BASED ON RISK EVALUATION

SUGGESTED IMPROVEMENTS:



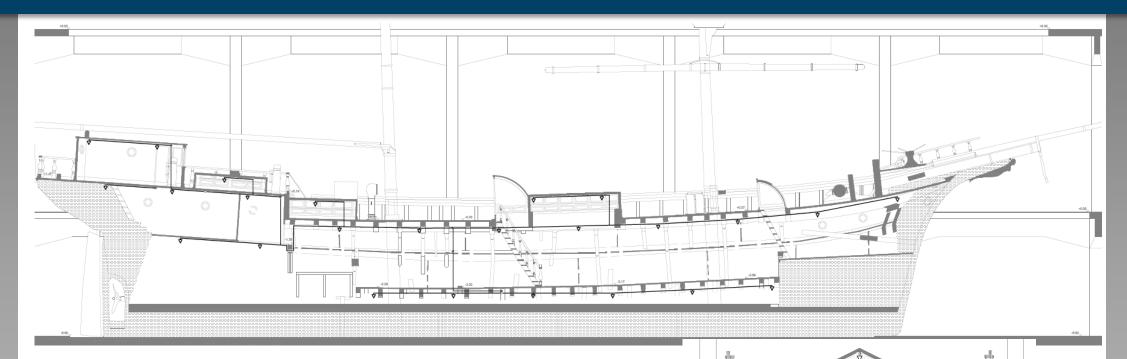
- IMPLEMENT THE FIRE DETECTION SYSTEM WITH A MORE RESPONSIVE SOLUTION (e.g ASD SYSTEM)
- INTRODUCE A FIRE CONTROL SYSTEM.











#### WATER MIST:

- Reduced impact of water supply (tank/pump) with less water demand/consumption.
- Less invasive hardware installation.
- Use of High-Pressure System
- Availability of protocol for design specification according to classification NFPA 750: LH (*Light Hazard - HC-1*)





Coperta

Stiva

#### WATER MIST DESIGN CLASSIFICATION:

Classification according to NFPA 750: LH (Light Hazard - HC-1)

#### WATER MIST DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS:

Jensen Hughes specify the WM system for tender purpose selecting a specific hardware, in order to be able to define the main WM system features like nozzles spacing, pressure and water demand.

The design and sizing of the proposed solution was based on the system produced by the ULTRAFOG Company and, specifically, in accordance with the following Approvals / Certifications:

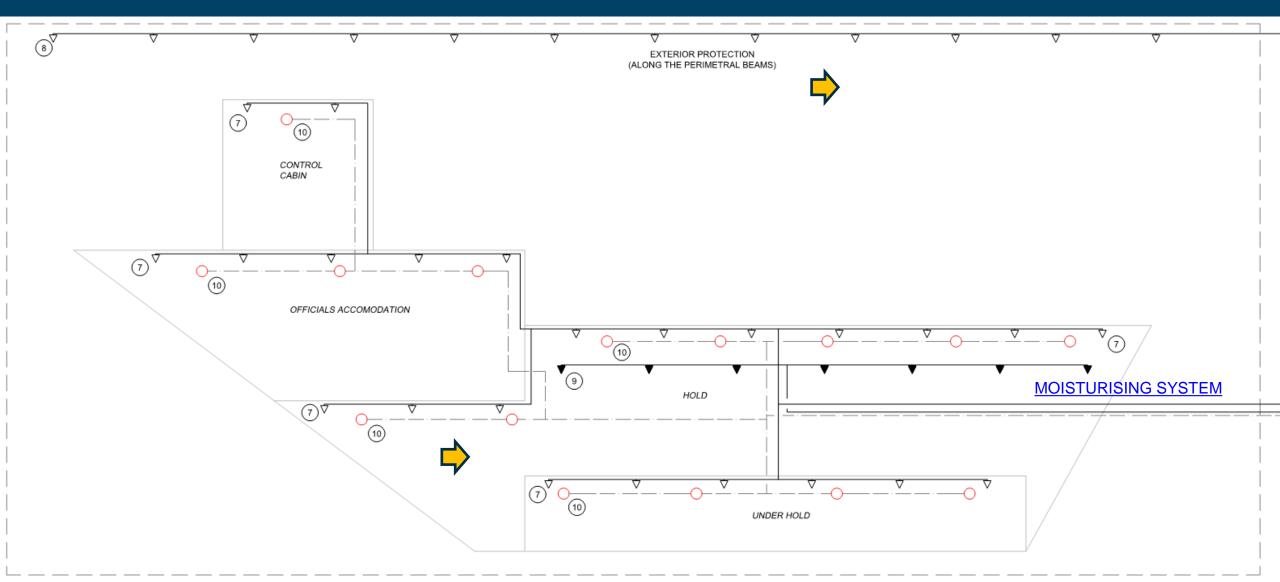
- "FM (Factory Mutual) Approval Number 3043823 Occupancies, Hazard category 1 (HC-1)" for application within civil buildings such as hotels, museums, hospitals, offices with area height up to 5m and based on the Fire Test Report No.140508-142 by DFL (Danish Fire Laboratories), carried out on January 5, 2015, by the company "ULTRAFOG".
- <u>DNV (Det Norske Veritas) Certificate N° F-204128 or TAF00000XH</u> "Equivalent Sprinkler System with type designation(s) Ultra Fog Accommodation Sprinkler Approved for use as an automatic water sprinkler system for Accommodation area, Public spaces, and Store rooms "issued on August 12, 2012.

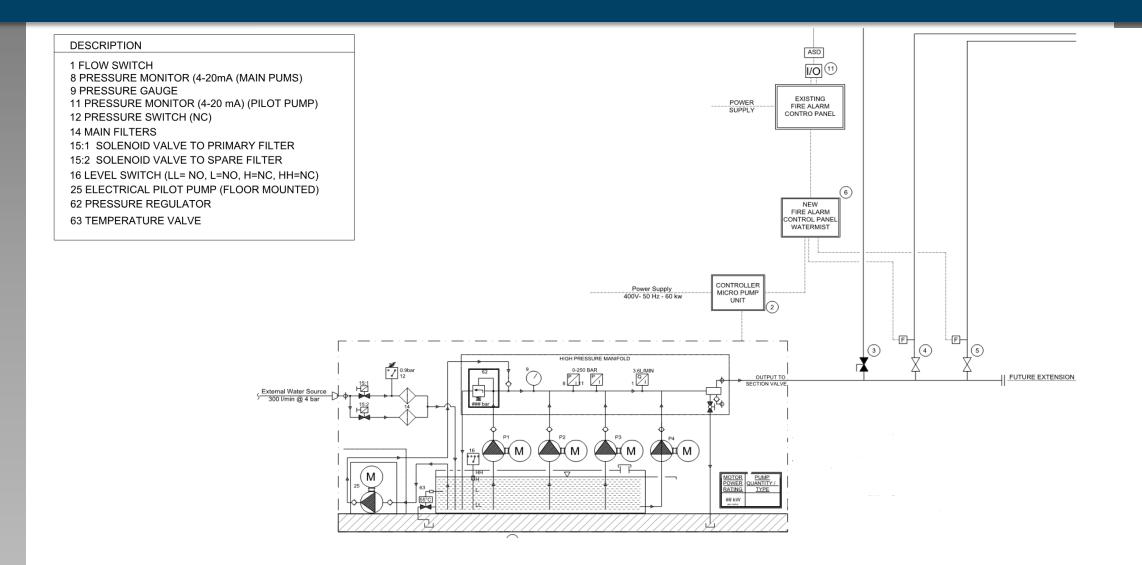


#### WATER MIST DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS:

- Pendent Ultrafast Nozzles, rated at 57°C as activation temperature
- Operating Pressure: 65-100 bar
- System designed to have 6 nozzles operating simultaneously. (72m<sup>2</sup> op.area)
- High-Pressure Electric Pump with dedicated power supplies and water tank on unit (70 kW Pump for 300 lpm at 140 bar 400V/3ph/50Hz)
- Water Inlet flow: 300 I/min at 2-6 bar from Main City water supplies (6" pipe)
- Water Duration: 60 min (30 required by NFPA 750)
- Max 12mm pipes within the brig (stainless steel AISI 316L high pressure at 25 bar in standby conditions)
- Water Droplet ≅ 200 µm

#### WATER MIST SYSTEMS





### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- Museo Nazionale Scienza e Tecnologia «Leonardo Da Vinci» (<u>https://www.museoscienza.org/en</u>)
- Prof. Florenzo Galli, Director of the MNST- «Leonardo Da Vinci»
- Jensen Hughes Milan- Project Team:
  - Luciano Nigro
  - Simona Zanotti
  - Giovanni Cosma





#### QUESTIONS?

#### Contact

Gaetano Coppola Managing Director Jensen Hughes Italy

gaetano.coppola@jensenhughes.com

For More Information Visit

jensenhughes.com



Advancing the Science of Safety